

Fire Safety Easy Read Information

For people with learning disabilities and/or autism

Introduction



This booklet has been made in partnership with people with learning disabilities and/or autism.



We have made this booklet and DVD to tell you about Fire Safety. It talks about how fires start and dangers in the home.



This booklet is best worked through when watching the DVD called "No Smoke Without Fire".



You can work through the DVD and booklet in groups, on your own or with support.

Fire can kill



Fire Safety is very important. Fire can kill.



There are lots of things you can do to keep safe in your home.



It is everyones responsibility to be safe and to make sure that fires do not happen.

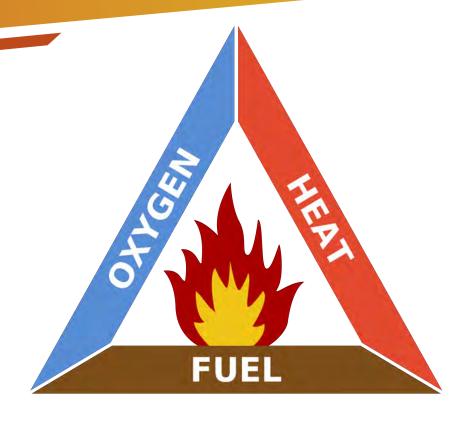


Knowing what to do if there is a fire can save your life and the lives of the people you live with.



Remember, if you see a fire then get out and stay out! Then call 999 straight away and ask for the Fire Service.

How fires start







A fire needs fuel (something that will burn).



A fire needs Oxygen (the air we breathe).



A fire needs heat (something hot like a flame).

Dangers in your home



There may be lots of places a fire can start in your home. In the bedroom, the kitchen, living room, anywhere.



A fire can start very quickly.



It's a good idea to make a list of all the things in your home which might cause a fire.



Talk about this with the people you live with, in groups or with support if you need to.



Make a list on the next page of the things in your home which might cause a fire.

might cause a fire:

Make a list of the things in your home which

Spot the dangers - Living Room



Can you spot 5 dangers in this picture?		

Smoking in your home



Smoking is dangerous for your health and if you are not careful can cause fires too!



You should try not to smoke in your home.



If you do smoke in your home then you should always make sure your cigarette is put out properly.



Never smoke in bed.



Never leave a cigarette burning, even if it is in an ashtray.

Be safe with ashtrays and put sand or water in them to help put cigarettes out. It's also a good idea to check your cigarettes have stopped burning before emptying them.

Overloaded sockets



A wall socket should never have more than one plug in it.



Don't overload sockets and be very careful not to overload gang leads. Ask someone you trust to help you if you need it.



If you have to plug more than one thing into a socket, then only plug small things in like chargers or lights and never plug more than 2 in.



Always switch sockets off at night before you go to bed.



Check your cables. If you see one is damaged then throw it away and buy a new one.

Heaters



Electric heaters can be dangerous if you don't use them properly.



Never leave an electric heater switched on if you are not there.



Never put anything on top of the heater.



Never put wet clothes on or near the heater to dry them.



Always switch electric heaters off when you go to bed or go out.

Chip Pan Fires



Half of all house fires are caused by cooking.



Chip pans full of hot fat are very dangerous.



Don't fill a chip pan more than a third full of fat or oil.

Don't leave a chip pan or forget you



If a chip pan catches fire, never put water on it (or a tea towel) – turn off the cooker if safe to do

so and get out of the house closing all inside



Use a deep fat fryer instead of a chip pan.

doors behind you. Once outside call 999.

Be safe when cooking and never drink alcohol or take some medicines which might make you feel sleepy.

Spot the dangers - Kitchen



Can you spot 5 dangers in this picture?		

Remember





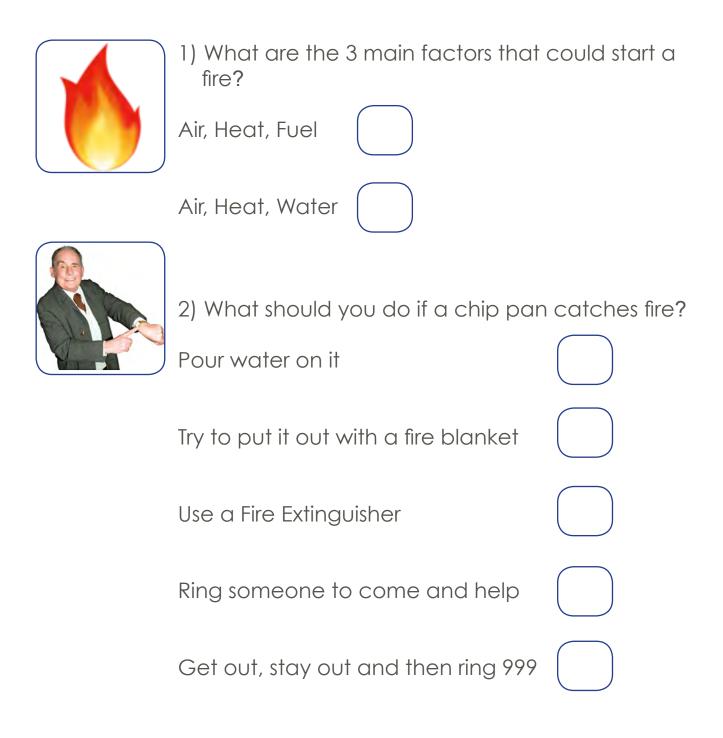
Always Never
Call 999 and ask
for the fire service

Get out, stay out!

Get your coat and bag before you leave

Try to put the fire out

Fire Quiz 1



Fire Quiz 1



3) Where could a fire start?

In the kitchen

In the bedroom

Anywhere





4) Should you put the fire out?

Yes



No





5) What is the number for the emergency services?

101



999

How to be safer



Fit smoke alarms. But, smoke alarms can be put in the wrong place, so check with someone first.



Blocked exit ways can be dangerous. Keep doorways clear.



Make sure windows are unlocked or that they have a key near them if you need to get out quickly.



If you need support to get in and out of bed then make sure you know how to contact them if there is a fire.



ALWAYS have a mobile phone next to your bed which is charged and has credit on it.

Bedtime Routines



Close inside doors.



Switch off equipment at the sockets – phone chargers, TV, Heater, Kettle.



Know where your keys are before you sleep.



Make sure candles are put out.



Check your escape route is clear.

Take a mobile phone with you to bed and keep it on the bedside table.

Smoke Alarms



Smoke alarms make a loud sound as soon as they smell smoke. Smoke can be the first sign of a fire starting.



You should have working smoke alarms upstairs and downstairs in your home and on every floor in your home.



You should test this once every week.



You are more at risk of dying in a fire if you don't have a working smoke alarm.

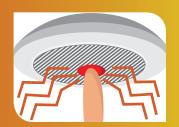


Have you got smoke alarms in your house?

How to test your smoke alarms



You should test your smoke alarm every week.



Press the test button on the smoke alarm until it starts to beep loudly.



Don't try to stand on anything to press the test button, use a long stick or a broom handle if you can.



Ask someone you trust to help you if you need to.



If your smoke alarm doesn't work when you test it or if it starts to 'chirp' contact the fire service.

What to do if there is a fire



Use your Fire Plan.



Stop what you are doing. Get out of the house.



If you are trapped in a room then get down on the floor, close the door and block the bottom of the door with bedding or clothes.



Do not go back in the house for anything!



Call 999 and ask for the Fire Service.

Tell the Fire Service who you are, where the fire is, what your address is. Stay on the phone if they ask you to and watch for the Fire Service arriving.

A fire plan



Make sure you practice your plan.



Get out of the building. How will you get out?



Where are the fire exits in your home?



What will you do if you cannot get out? Get into a room and block all the doors. Open a window.



Where will you meet when you get outside?

Write down your Fire Plan here.

Things to remember



Use your Fire Plan.



You are more at risk of dying in a fire if you don't have a working smoke alarm.



Blocked exit ways can be dangerous. Keep doorways clear.



Switch off equipment at the sockets before you go to bed – phone chargers, TV, Heater, Kettle.



Remember, if you see a fire then get out and stay out! Call 999 and ask for the Fire Service.

Fire Quiz 2



Fire Quiz 2



4) Do you have an fire plan for your home?

Yes	
	_



5) Do you know your home address and postcode?

Yes (

No (

Pairing Exercise. Here are some dangers you might find in your home. Draw lines between the danger and what to do. There may be other things you can think of, talk about it with someone else.

If you are working in groups, you might want to do this as role play and act out some of them.

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Danger	What to do
Overloaded Plug Socket	Crawl on the floor and try to get out, shout for help!
Chip Pan Fire	Don't put too many plugs in one socket
Fire in a bedroom	Check for damaged kettle cable and replace
Fire in a kitchen	Always use a fireguard
Fire in living room	Don't overfill a chip pan or use a modern fryer
Electric heater catching fire	Don't leave candles burning when you go to bed
There is a fire in the house and smoke is starting to fill it	Don't put clothes on an electric heater
You can't get out of the house if there is a fire	Keep a charged mobile phone next to you in bed
Trapped in your bedroom and can't call the fire service	Always have smoke alarms which are tested every week
A fire starts in another room without you knowing	Always keep doorways clear of things

So remember



Fire Safety is very important. Fire can kill.



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Knowing what to do if there is a fire can save your life and the lives of the people you live with.



Remember, if you see a fire then call 999 straight away. Then get out and stay out!





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